



# cognitive decline in arizona

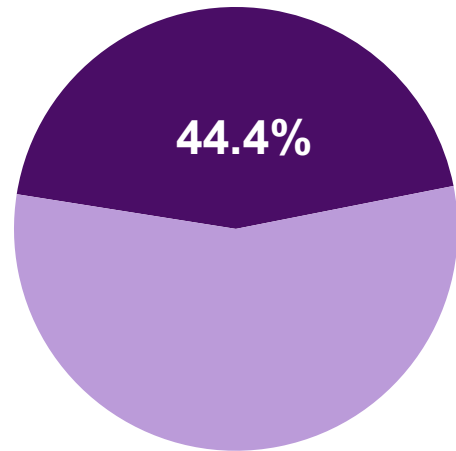
DATA FROM THE 2022 BEHAVIORAL RISK FACTOR SURVEILLANCE SYSTEM

In Arizona, 15% of those aged 45 and older report they are experiencing confusion or memory loss that is happening more often or is getting worse (“subjective cognitive decline”).

More than 44% of them have not talked to a health care professional about it.

For those with worsening memory problems, 35.7% say it has created “functional difficulties” — that is, caused them to give up day-to-day activities and/or interfered with work or social activities.

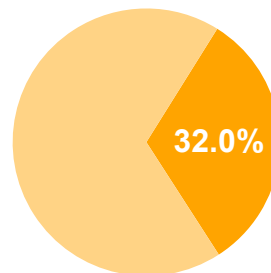
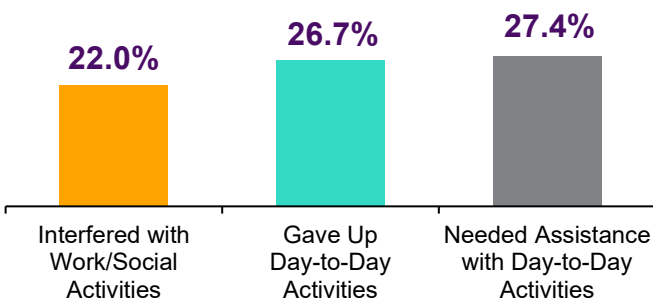
Percent with memory problems who have not talked to a health care provider



Percent of those Aged 45+ with Subjective Cognitive Decline

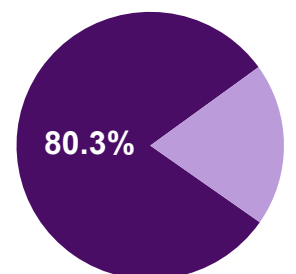
All	Gender		Age					Educational Attainment			
	Men	Women	45-59	60-64	65-74	75-79	80+	< High School	High School	Some College	College Grad
15.0%	14.5%	15.4%	13.6%	11.8%	16.3%	14.0%	23.7%	17.9%	13.6%	16.7%	12.9%

Percent with memory problems who say it created difficulties and burden



Percent with memory problems who live alone

Percent with memory problems who have at least one other chronic condition\*



\*Defined as arthritis, asthma, COPD, cancer, cardiovascular disease, and diabetes

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