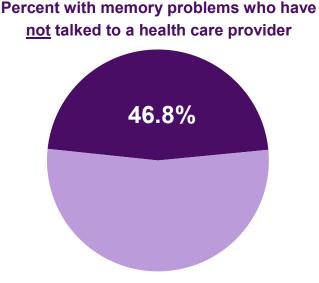
alzheimer's & Association cognitive decline in michigan

DATA FROM THE 2022 BEHAVIORAL RISK FACTOR SURVEILLANCE SYSTEM

In Michigan, 10.5% of those aged 45 and older report they are experiencing confusion or memory loss that is happening more often or is getting worse ("subjective cognitive decline").

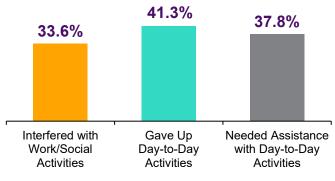
More than 46% of them have <u>not</u> talked to a health care professional about it.

For those with worsening memory problems, 48.4% say it has created "functional difficulties" — that is, caused them to give up day-to-day activities and/or interfered with work or social activities.



Percent of those Aged 45+ with Subjective Cognitive Decline											
<u>All</u>	<u>Gei</u>	<u>nder</u>	Age					Educational Attainment			
10.5%	<u>Men</u>	<u>Women</u>	<u>45-59</u>	<u>60-64</u>	<u>65-74</u>	<u>75-79</u>	<u>80+</u>	< High <u>School</u>	High <u>School</u>	Some <u>College</u>	College <u>Grad</u>
	10.9%	10.2%	10.7%	7.3%	11.0%	9.9%	14.9%	n/a	13.9%	10.5%	7.2%

Percent with memory problems who say it created difficulties and burden



This Fact Sheet is supported by the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention of the U.S. Department of Health and Human Services (HHS) as part of a financial assistance award totaling \$2,795,933 with 100 percent funded by CDC/HHS. The contents are those of the author(s) and do not necessarily represent the official views of, nor an endorsement, by CDC/HHS, or the U.S. Government.

