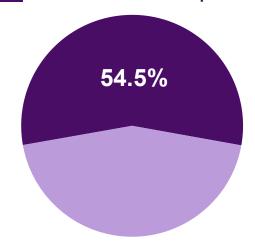


DATA FROM THE 2020 BEHAVIORAL RISK FACTOR SURVEILLANCE SYSTEM

In Michigan, 12.5% of those aged 45 and older report they are experiencing confusion or memory loss that is happening more often or is getting worse ("subjective cognitive decline").

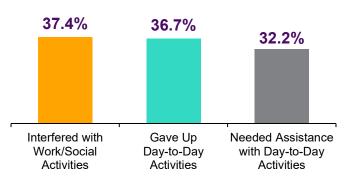
More than half of them have <u>not</u> talked to a health care professional about it.

For those with worsening memory problems, 50.3% say it has created "functional difficulties" — that is, caused them to give up day-to-day activities and/or interfered with work or social activities. Percent with memory problems who have not talked to a health care provider

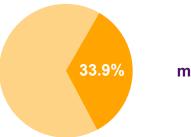


| Percent of Those Aged 45+ with Subjective Cognitive Decline | | | | | | | | | | | |
|---|------------|-------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|------------|------------------------|----------------|-----------------|-----------------|
| All | <u>Ger</u> | <u>nder</u> | <u>Age</u> | | | | | Educational Attainment | | | |
| 12.5% | <u>Men</u> | Women | <u>45-59</u> | <u>60-64</u> | <u>65-74</u> | <u>75-79</u> | <u>80+</u> | < High School | High School | Some College | College Grad |
| | 10.8% | 12.9% | 10.8% | 9.8% | 12.2% | 20.4% | 18.8% | 26.2% | 14.5% | 12.2% | 7.3% |

Percent with memory problems who say it created difficulties and burden

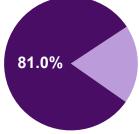


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Percent with memory problems who live alone

Percent with memory problems who have at least one other chronic condition*



*Defined as arthritis, asthma, COPD, cancer, cardiovascular disease, and diabetes