

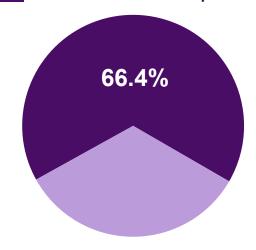
cognitive decline in nevada

DATA FROM THE 2020 BEHAVIORAL RISK FACTOR SURVEILLANCE SYSTEM

In Nevada, 10.4% of those aged 45 and over report they are experiencing confusion or memory loss that is happening more often or is getting worse ("subjective cognitive decline").

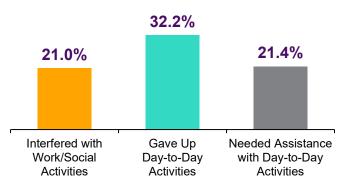
Nearly two-thirds of them have <u>not</u> talked to a health care professional about it.

For those with worsening memory problems, 38.5% say it has created "functional difficulties" — that is, caused them to give up day-to-day activities and/or interfered with work or social activities. Percent with memory problems who have not talked to a health care provider

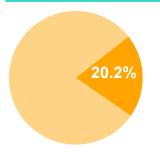


	Percent of Those Aged 45+ with Subjective Cognitive Decline												
	<u>All</u>	<u>Gender</u>		<u>Age</u>					Educational Attainment				
,	10.4%	Men	Women	<u>45-59</u>	60-64	<u>65-74</u>	<u>75-79</u>	<u>80+</u>	< High School	High School	Some College	College Grad	
		10.9%	9.8%	10.0%	N/A	8.6%	N/A	12.6%	N/A	9.7%	9.3%	7.6%	

Percent with memory problems who say it created difficulties and burden

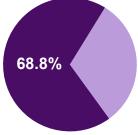


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Percent with memory problems who live alone

Percent with memory problems who have at least one other chronic condition*



*Defined as arthritis, asthma, COPD, cancer, cardiovascular disease, and diabetes