

## cognitive decline in new jersey

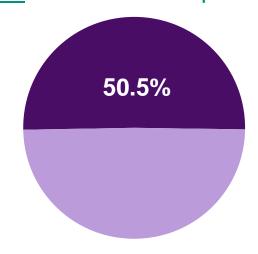
## DATA FROM THE 2016 BEHAVIORAL RISK FACTOR SURVEILLANCE SYSTEM

In New Jersey, 9.1 percent of those aged 45 and over report they are experiencing confusion or memory loss that is happening more often or is getting worse ("subjective cognitive decline").

Half of them have not talked to a health care professional about it.

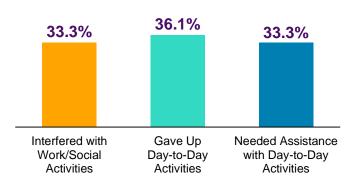
For those with worsening memory problems, 45.8 percent say it has created "functional difficulties" - that is, caused them to give up day-to-day activities and/or interfered with work or social activities.

Percent with memory problems who have not talked to a health care provider

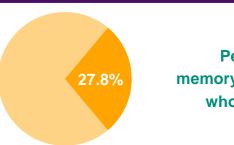


Percent of Those Aged 45+ with Subjective Cognitive Decline											
<u>AII</u>	Gender Age						Educational Attainment				
9.1%	<u>Men</u>	<u>Women</u>	<u>45-59</u>	60-64	<u>65-74</u>	<u>75-79</u>	<u>80+</u>	< High <u>School</u>	High <u>School</u>	Some College	College <u>Grad</u>
	9.7%	8.7%	8.4%	11.0%	6.6%	11.9%	13.6%	18.3%	10.0%	8.2%	5.5%

## Percent with memory problems who say it created difficulties and burden

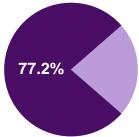


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Percent with memory problems who live alone

**Percent with memory** problems who have at least one other chronic condition\*



\*Defined as arthritis, asthma, COPD, cancer, cardiovascular disease, and diabetes