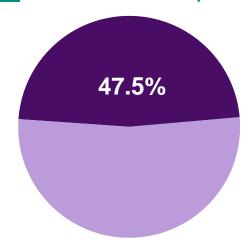
cognitive decline in tennessee

DATA FROM THE 2015 BEHAVIORAL RISK FACTOR SURVEILLANCE SYSTEM

In Tennessee, 13.3 percent – one in eight – of those aged 45 and over report they are experiencing confusion or memory loss that is happening more often or is getting worse ("subjective cognitive decline").

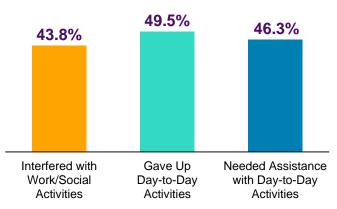
Nearly half of them have <u>not</u> talked to a health care professional about it.

For those with worsening memory problems, 58.1 percent say it has created "functional difficulties" – that is, caused them to give up day-to-day activities and/or interfered with work or social activities. Percent with memory problems who have not talked to a health care provider

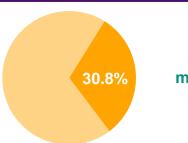


Percent of Those Aged 45+ with Subjective Cognitive Decline											
AII	<u>Ge</u>	<u>nder</u>	<u>Age</u>					Educational Attainment			
13.3%	<u>Men</u>	Women	<u>45-59</u>	60-64	<u>65-74</u>	<u>75-79</u>	<u>80+</u>	< High School	High School	Some College	College Grad
	14.5%	12.4%	14.4%	14.3%	10.1%	10.8%	17.8%	22.6%	13.2%	10.8%	8.6%

Percent with memory problems who say it created difficulties and burden

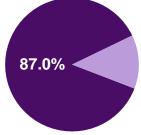


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Percent with memory problems who live alone

Percent with memory problems who have at least one other chronic condition*



*Defined as arthritis, asthma, COPD, cancer, cardiovascular disease, and diabetes